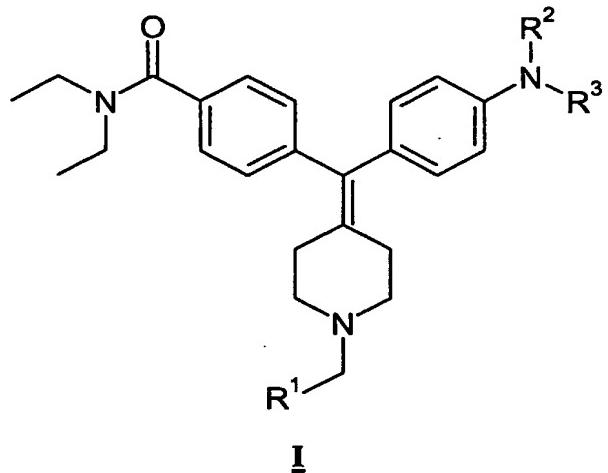


**What is claimed is :**

1. A compound of formula I, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, diastereomers, enantiomers, or mixtures thereof:



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wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl, wherein said C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -R, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and hydrogen; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from hydrogen, -C(=O)-R<sup>4</sup>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, and -C(=O)-O-R<sup>4</sup>,  
15 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from -H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl and C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl.

2. A compound according to claim 1,

wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from phenyl; thiadiazolyl, pyridyl; thienyl; furyl; imidazolyl; triazolyl; pyrrolyl; thiazolyl; and N-oxido-pyridyl, wherein said R<sup>1</sup> is further optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, halogenated C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, chloro, fluoro, bromo, and iodo;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and hydrogen; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from hydrogen, -C(=O)-R<sup>4</sup>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, and -C(=O)-O-R<sup>4</sup>, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl.

3. A compound according to claim 1,

wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from phenyl; pyridyl; thiadiazolyl and thiazolyl,  
wherein R<sup>1</sup> is further optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from C<sub>1</sub>-  
6alkyl, halogenated C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CF<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, chloro, fluoro, bromo, and  
5 iodo;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from hydrogen, -C(=O)-R<sup>4</sup>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, and -C(=O)-O-R<sup>4</sup>,  
wherein R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl.

10 4. A compound according to claim 1, wherein

wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from phenyl; 2-fluorophenyl; 3-fluorophenyl; 4-  
fluorophenyl; 2-pyridyl; 3-pyridyl; 4-pyridyl; 1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl; 4-thiazolyl and 5-  
thiazolyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen; and

15 R<sup>3</sup> is selected from hydrogen, -C(=O)-CH<sub>3</sub>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>3</sub>, and -C(=O)-O-CH<sub>3</sub>.

5. A compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound is selected from:

4-[(4-aminophenyl)(1-benzylpiperidin-4-ylidene)methyl]-N,N-diethylbenzamide;

4-[[4-(acetylamino)phenyl](1-benzylpiperidin-4-ylidene)methyl]-N,N-

20 diethylbenzamide;

4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-N,N-  
diethylbenzamide;

4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-N,N-  
diethylbenzamide;

25 4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-N,N-  
diethylbenzamide;

4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-  
ylidene]methyl}-N,N-diethylbenzamide;

4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(1,3-thiazol-5-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-

30 N,N-diethylbenzamide;

4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(1,3-thiazol-4-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-  
N,N-diethylbenzamide;

4-((1-benzylpiperidin-4-ylidene){4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}methyl)-*N,N*-diethylbenzamide;

methyl 4-((1-benzylpiperidin-4-ylidene){4-[(diethylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}methyl)phenylcarbamate;

5 4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(2-fluorobenzyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-*N,N*-diethylbenzamide;

4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(3-fluorobenzyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-*N,N*-diethylbenzamide;

4-{{[4-(acetylamino)phenyl][1-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperidin-4-ylidene]methyl}-*N,N*-

10 diethylbenzamide;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

6. A compound according to any one of claims 1-5 for use as a medicament.

15 7. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1-5 in the manufacture of a medicament for the therapy of pain, anxiety or functional gastrointestinal disorders.

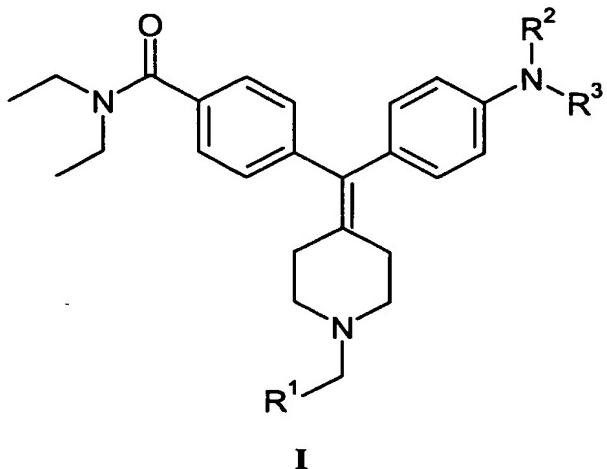
20 8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1-5 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

9. A method for the therapy of pain in a warm-blooded animal, comprising the step of administering to said animal in need of such therapy a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1-5.

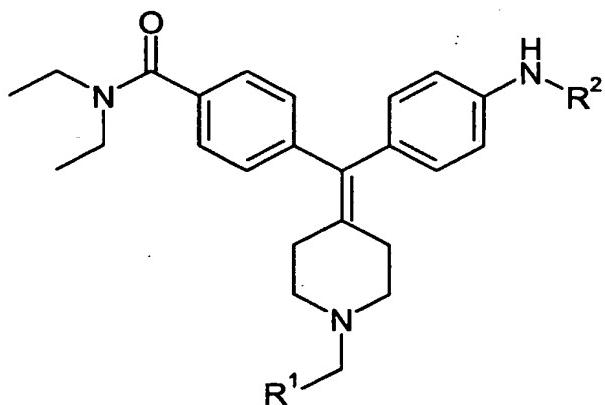
25 10. A method for the therapy of functional gastrointestinal disorders in a warm-blooded animal, comprising the step of administering to said animal in need of such therapy a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1-5.

30 11. A process for preparing a compound of formula I, comprising:

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reacting a compound of formula II with X-R<sup>3</sup> or R<sup>3</sup>-O-R<sup>3</sup>:



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wherein X is halogen;

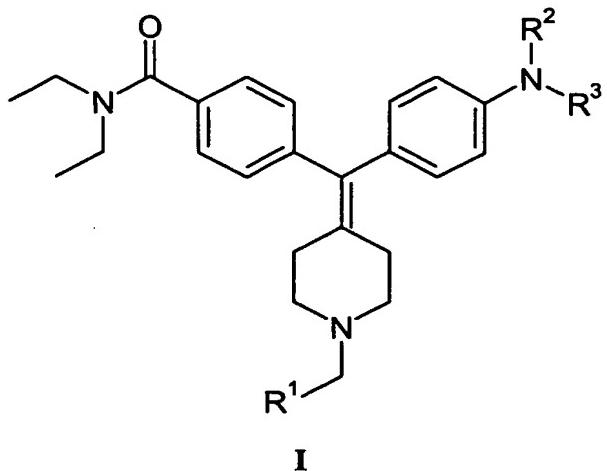
- R<sup>1</sup> is selected from C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl, wherein said C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -R, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and hydrogen; and

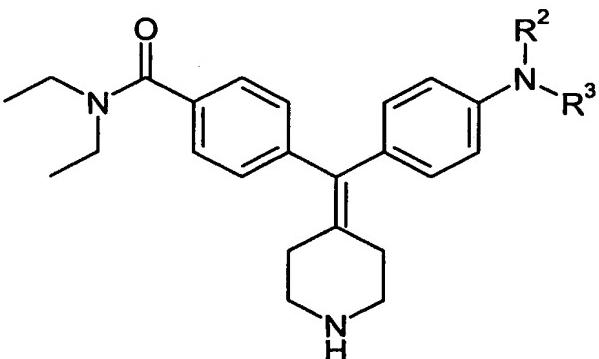
- R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -C(=O)-R<sup>4</sup>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, and -C(=O)-O-R<sup>4</sup>, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from -H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl and C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl.

12. A process for preparing a compound of formula I, comprising:

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reacting a compound of formula III with R<sup>1</sup>-CHO:



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wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl, wherein said C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -R, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

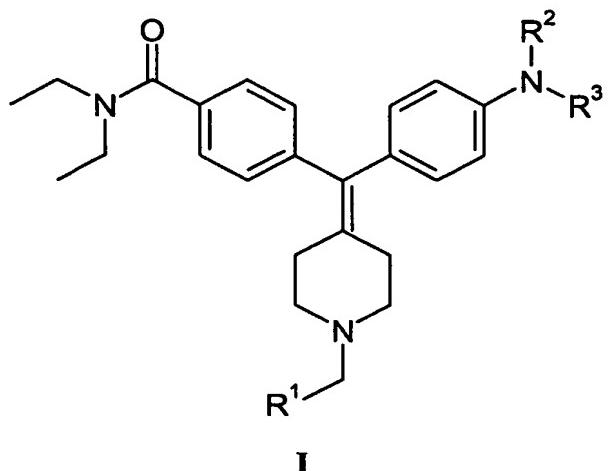
R<sup>2</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and hydrogen; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -C(=O)-R<sup>4</sup>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, and -C(=O)-O-R<sup>4</sup>, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from -H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl and C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl.

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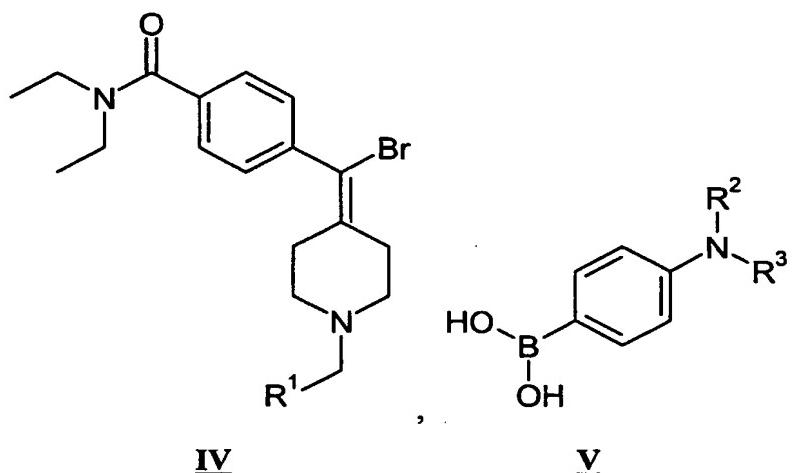
13. A process for preparing a compound of formula I, comprising:

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reacting a compound of formula IV with a compound of formula V or esters thereof:

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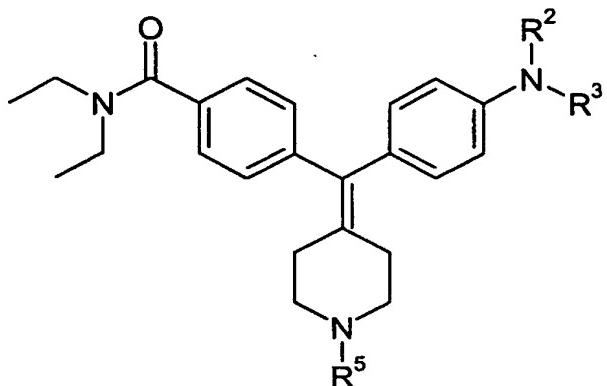
wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl, wherein said C<sub>6-10</sub>aryl and C<sub>2-6</sub>heteroaryl are optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from -R, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -OR, -Cl, -Br, -I, -F, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C(=O)R, -C(=O)OH, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -SH, -NHR, -NR<sub>2</sub>, -SR, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, -S(=O)R, -CN, -OH, -C(=O)OR, -C(=O)NR<sub>2</sub>, -NRC(=O)R, and -NRC(=O)-OR, wherein R is, independently, a hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and hydrogen; and

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from -H, -C(=O)-R<sup>4</sup>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, and -C(=O)-O-R<sup>4</sup>, wherein R<sup>4</sup>

15 is selected from -H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl and C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl.

14. A compound of formula VI, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, diastereomers, enantiomers, or mixtures thereof:



VI

5       wherein R<sup>2</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl and hydrogen;  
R<sup>3</sup> is selected from hydrogen, -C(=O)-R<sup>4</sup>, -S(=O)<sub>2</sub>-R<sup>4</sup>, and -C(=O)-O-R<sup>4</sup>,  
wherein R<sup>4</sup> is selected from -H, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl and C<sub>2-6</sub>alkynyl; and  
R<sup>5</sup> is selected from hydrogen and -C(=O)-O-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl.